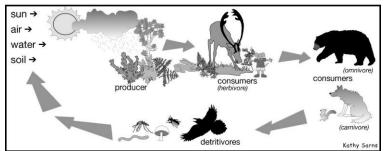
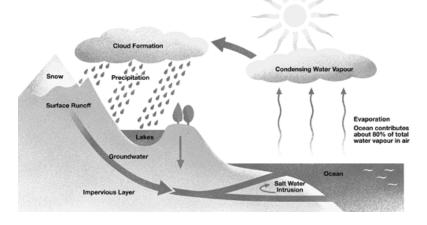
Grade 7 Science – Key Concepts and Outcomes for the Year FINAL EXAM REVIEW

You should also review all key terms found on with the concept maps that were provided at the beginning of each unit.

	Interactions and Ed	<u>osys</u>	<u>tem</u>	
Key Co	Interactions and Interdependencies Environmental Monitoring Environmental Impacts Producers, Consumers, Decomposers Nutrient Cycles and Energy Flow Species Distribution		Succession Endangered Species Extinction Environmental Management	
□ I aı □ I aı rep □ I uı	mes m able to investigate and describe the relationship between h m able to trace the flow of energy and materials within an eco m able to monitor a local environment and assess the impact production of organisms in that environment nderstand that human knowledge, decisions, and actions will vironments	syste s env	em ironmental factors have	e on the growth, health, and
□ Be	v Guide able to describe the 3 symbiotic relationships (mutualism, conat is an ecological footprint? Be able to describe ways to rec		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ıt.

- ☐ What does sustainability mean?
- ☐ Be able to describe food chains and food webs.
- ☐ What are the roles of producers, consumers, scavengers & decomposers in an ecosystem
- ☐ How do substances move through an ecosystem, what is bioaccumulation?
- ☐ Review the water cycle





Be able to distinguish between primary and secondary succession
What are introduced species and how can they become invasive species? What are their impacts on the environment?
Describe the reasons animal's go extinct and what endangered and extinct animals are
Be able to describe the various forms of ecosystem monitoring (physical, environmental, chemical, biological)

Planet Earth

Key Concepts

☐ Strata	☐Geological Time Scale
☐ Rocks and Minerals	☐ Fossil Formation
☐ The Rock Cycle	☐Weather and Erosion
☐ How Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic	☐Sudden and Gradual Changes
Rocks Form	☐Development of Models Based on Observation and
☐Mountain Formation – Folding and Faulting	Evidence

Outcomes

□Plate Tectonics

I can explain the different methods that are used to study, observe, and interpret the Earth and what it is made of
I can identify evidence for the rock cycle and can use the rock cycle to identify and explain the appearance of various
rock samples
I can identify evidence of major changes in landforms and the rock layers that underlie them

I can describe interpret and evaluate evidence from the feed record

☐ I can describe, interpret and evaluate evidence from the fossil record

Review Guide

☐ What are rocks and minerals?

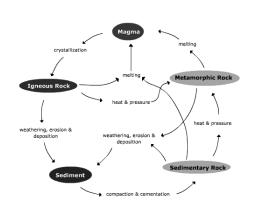
☐ Be able to describe the 3 rock families: their characteristics and how they are formed. Be able to explain the rock cycle

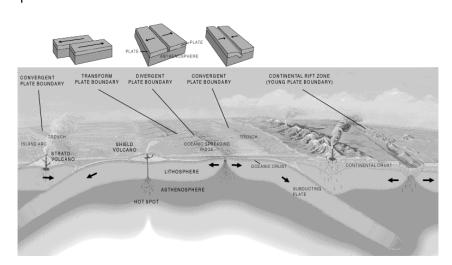
☐ What are physical (mechanical) weathering, chemical weathering, biological weathering and erosion?

☐ How is the Earth shaped? Be able to provide and recognize examples of gradual and sudden changes to the Earth's surface

☐ What happens when the Earth's crust moves? How does the Earth's crust move?

☐ Describe the different plate boundaries.





Be able to d	lescribe	how t	fossils	form; t	he cond	ditions r	equired	for fo	ossil i	formatio	n and
the various	types of	fossi	ls								

☐ Be able to identify key events from each of the 4 eras (Precambrian, Paleozoic, Mesozoic, Cenozoic)



Structures and Forces

Key Concepts

S

☐ Material Strength and Stiffness

☐ Joints

☐ Forces On and Within Structures (load and stresses)

□ Direction of Forces

□ Deformation

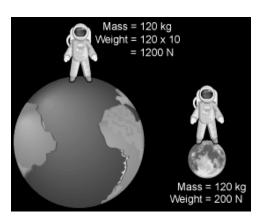
- ☐ Structural Stability
- ☐ Modes of Failure
- ☐ Performance Requirements
- □ Margin of Safety

Outcomes

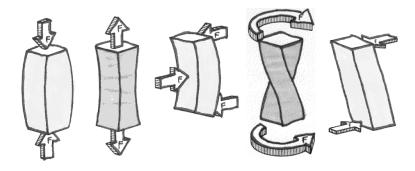
- ☐ I can describe the different types of structures encountered in everyday objects, buildings, plants, and animals and the materials they are made of
- ☐ I understand the forces that act within a structure and the forces that are applied to a structure
- ☐ I understand the properties of materials used in structures
- ☐ I can demonstrate and describe processes used in developing, evaluating and improving structures that safely meet human needs

Review Guide

- ☐ What are the 3 types of structures? What are the key characteristics of each?
- ☐ Be able to describe various types of materials and their advantages composites, laminates, different textiles
- ☐ What are joints? What are frictional forces?
- ☐ What is the difference between mass and weight?



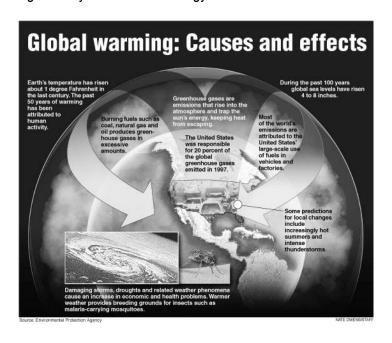
- ☐ What is the difference between an external and internal force?
- ☐ Be able to describe the 2 types of external forces.
- ☐ Be able to describe the 4 types of internal forces. (tension, compression, shear and torsion



- ☐ How are structures designed to withstand external and internal forces?
- ☐ What are the keys to stability?

Heat and Temperature

Key	/ Concepts					
	Heat energy needs and technologies		Changes of S			
	Thermal Energy (heat)		Heat Transfer			
	The Particle Model of Matter		Insulation and		onductivity	
	Temperature		Thermal Ener	• •		
	Thermal Expansion		Energy Cons	ervation		
Ou	tcomes					
	I can explain how human needs have led to technologies for	obtai	ning and conti	rolling heat a	and the incr	eased use of
	energy resources as a result			_		
	I can describe the nature of thermal energy (heat) and if effect	ts o	n different form	ns of matter	through obs	servations,
_	experiments, and models	1			الماما المائم	:
	I can use my knowledge of heat and temperature to interpret I understand the issues related to the use of thermal technology				•	
ш	Tunderstand the issues related to the use of thermal technolog	yıes	regarding sus	olali lability Ol	oui resoui	UES
Rev	view Guide			3	States of Ma	Glenn Her Besearch
	Be able define temperature and thermal energy according to	the p	particle		- Claico or ma	Center
	model of matter			4-1	44	4:::/
	Be able to describe the particle model of matter and the three	stat	es of matter			
_	according the particle model of matter			Solid	Liquid	Gas
	How do particles behave when energy is added or removed?			Holds Shape	Shape of Container Free Surface	Shape of Container
	Readle to evaluin evaluation and contraction based on the na	41. 1				
	Be able to explain expansion and contraction based on the paratter	articl	e model of	Fixed Volume	Fixed Volume	Volume of Container
	matter			Fixed Volume		Volume of Container
	·			Fixed Volume		Volume of Container
	matter What is evaporative cooling and what is happening to the par	ticle	s during this	Fixed Volume		Volume of Container
	matter What is evaporative cooling and what is happening to the par process?	ticle: e of	s during this	Fixed Volume Convection	Fixed Volume	Volume of Container
	matter What is evaporative cooling and what is happening to the par process? What are the changes of state, what happens during a chang Be able to describe the 3 ways that heat energy can be trans conduction, convection)	ticles e of ferre	s during this state d (radiation,	Fixed Volume Convection	Fixed Volume	Volume of Container
	matter What is evaporative cooling and what is happening to the par process? What are the changes of state, what happens during a chang Be able to describe the 3 ways that heat energy can be transconduction, convection) Be able to describe various forms of energy (thermoelectricity	ticles e of ferre	s during this state d (radiation, droelectricity,	Fixed Volume Convection	Fixed Volume	Volume of Container
	matter What is evaporative cooling and what is happening to the par process? What are the changes of state, what happens during a chang Be able to describe the 3 ways that heat energy can be trans conduction, convection) Be able to describe various forms of energy (thermoelectricity chemical energy – fossil fuels, mechanical energy, solar, geo	ticles e of ferre r, hye there	s during this state d (radiation, droelectricity, mal)	Convection	Conduction	
	matter What is evaporative cooling and what is happening to the par process? What are the changes of state, what happens during a chang Be able to describe the 3 ways that heat energy can be transconduction, convection) Be able to describe various forms of energy (thermoelectricity	ticles e of ferre r, hye there	s during this state d (radiation, droelectricity, mal)	Convection	Conduction	



Plants for Food and Fibre

	Needs and Uses of Plants Plant Propagation and Reproduction Life Processes and Structure of Plants Fertilizers and Soil Nutrients Chemical and Biological Controls		Monocul	e Breeding tures e Management	
	I understand the many ways plants can be used. I understand the life processes and structures of plants and undifferent environments I can describe the impacts of various factors on plant environr I can identify and interpret the relationships between human nuse of living things as a source of food and fibre	nent	s		
	riew Guide What are the various uses of plants? Be able to describe various plant adaptations (roots, stem and movement of substances through a plant.	l lea	ves) and	their role in the	Water lost by transpiration
	How do substances move through plants? What are diffusion respiration?	, os	mosis, tra	anspiration,	Suction Pressure Capillarity
	What are the processes of selective breeding and genetic moused?	dific	ation and	why are they	Water absorbed by root hairs
	Be able to explain the process of asexual reproduction in plan asexual reproduction as well as advantages and disadvantage		•	examples of	,
	Be able to describe the structures responsible the sexual repr the advantages and disadvantages of the sexual reproduction	odu		lants and stamen (ANTHER
	Be able to describe the processes involved in the sexual reproduction (pollination, fertilization, seed development, seed dispersal and	oduc	•		UBE STYLE PISTYLE OVARY
	What does sustainability mean? Be able to describe various farming practices (irrigation, cultiv	atio	n monoo	ulturo	
ш	prevention of soil erosion practices, fertilization)	aliUi	1, 11101100	uitui e , Į	AL OVULE
	Be able to describe the process of soil formation and what nut plant growth	rien	ts are ess	sential for	
	Be able to describe the types of pest species and the ways the can be controlled	at th	ey	Organisms	Topography

