

Squares and Square Roots

MathLinks 8, pages 80-87

Key Ideas Review

Write the term from column B that matches the correct statement in column A.

| Α | В |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1. A whole number that has only two factors, 1 and itself. | a) Prime factorization |
| | b) Square number |
| 2. The product of the same two numbers. | c) Perfect square |
| | d) Prime number |
| 3. The number that equals a given value when you multiply the number by itself. | e) Square root |
| 4. The product of the same two factors. | |
| 5. A number written as the product of its prime factors. | |

Practise and Apply

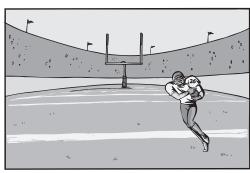
- **6.** a) Determine the prime factorization of 36. Show your work.
- **7.** Janie's backyard has an area of 100 m².



- **b)** Is 36 a perfect square? Explain your thinking.
- c) Draw a quadrilateral that shows whether or not 36 is a perfect square. Label its side lengths.
- a) Determine the prime factorization of 100. Show your work.

- **b)** Is 100 a perfect square? Explain your thinking.
- 9. Alasie's local football field has an area of 1296 m². Is 1296 a perfect square? Show your thinking.

c) Draw a quadrilateral that shows whether or not 100 is a perfect square. Label its side lengths.



- **8.** Write the prime factorization of each number. Circle the perfect squares.
 - a) 164

- **b**) 196
- 10. Ingrid says that she knows that 9 and 16 are perfect squares, and that 10 is not. Is she correct? Explain your thinking.

c) 225

d) 325